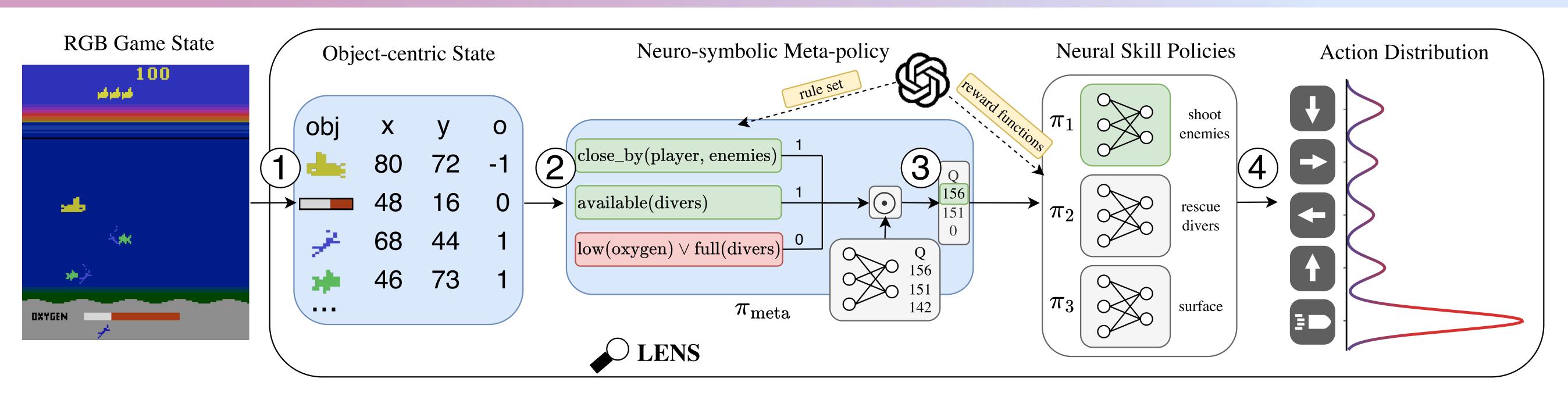
Intepretable Reinforcement Learning via Meta-Policy Guidance

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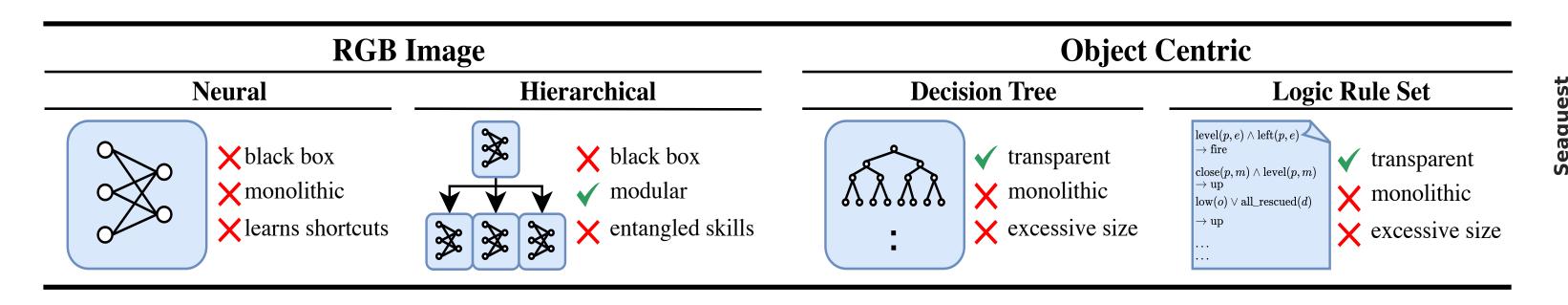


Improve RL interpretability by combining symbolic meta-policies with neural skills.





Motivation



- Traditional RL approaches often exhibit misaligned behavior that is difficult to identify or correct without interpretability. [1,2]
- But: Existing interpretable RL methods deployed on atomic actions quickly become excessively complex.
- Instead: Employ interpretable RL on abstract skills based on object-centric input and learn skills with LLM-generated rewards.

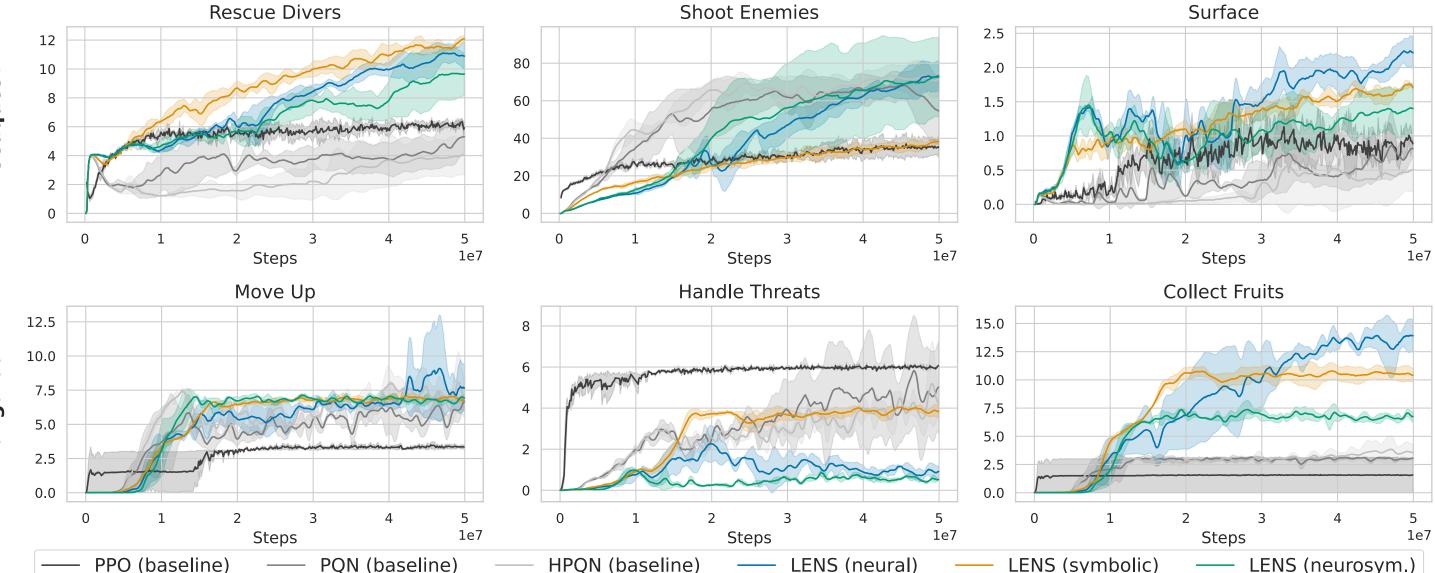
Logically Enhanced Neural Skills

- (1) Extract Objects + Attributes: First, transform image state into object-centric (OC) state using existing methods (e.g. [3, 4, 5]).
- (2) Filter Relevant Skills: Remove skills not applicable in the current situation using LLM-generated filters (based on OC-input).
- (3) Maximize Meta-Q-Values: Select the neural skill to be executed by maximizing the Q-values of the meta policy with remaining skills.
- (4) Execute Neural Skill: Obtain the next action by maximizing the skill-specific Q-value function.
- Three meta-policy variations: neural, symbolic, neuro-symbolic

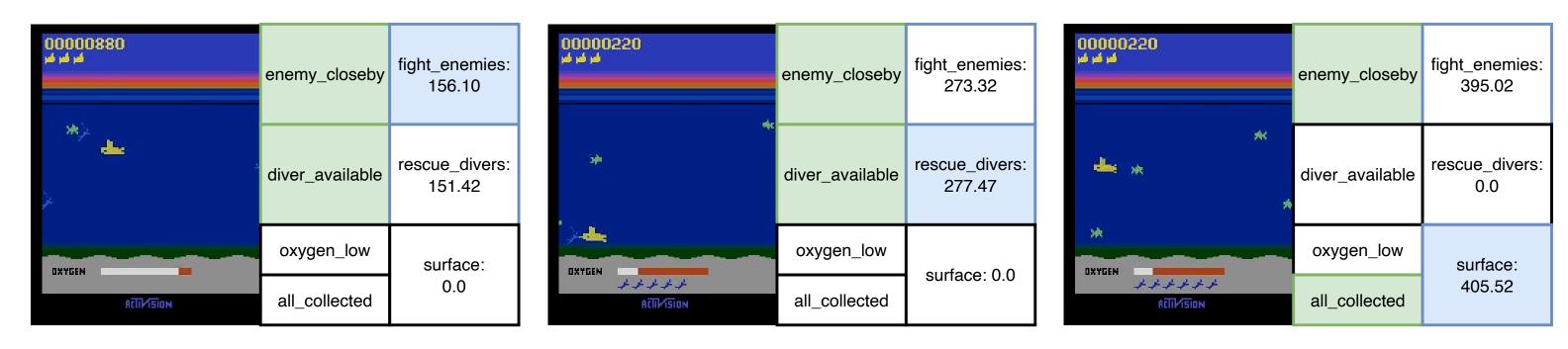
```
def meta_policy(st: state):
                                      def meta_policy_rules(st: state):
                                          fight_enemies = False
 if enemy_close(st.enemies,
                                          rescue_divers = True
 st.player):
                                          surface = False
     return fight_enemies()
 elif is_available(st.divers):
                                          if enemy_close(st.enemies,
     return rescue_divers()
                                          st.player):
 elif is_low(st.oxygen):
                                              fight_enemies = True
                                          if oxygen_low(st.oxygen):
     return surface()
                                              surface = True
 elif all_collected(st.divers):
                                          return [fight_enemies,
     return surface()
return rescue_divers()
                                          rescue_divers, surface]
```

Examples of a **symbolic meta-policy** (left) and rule-set for the neuro-symbolic meta-policy (right) in Seaquest.

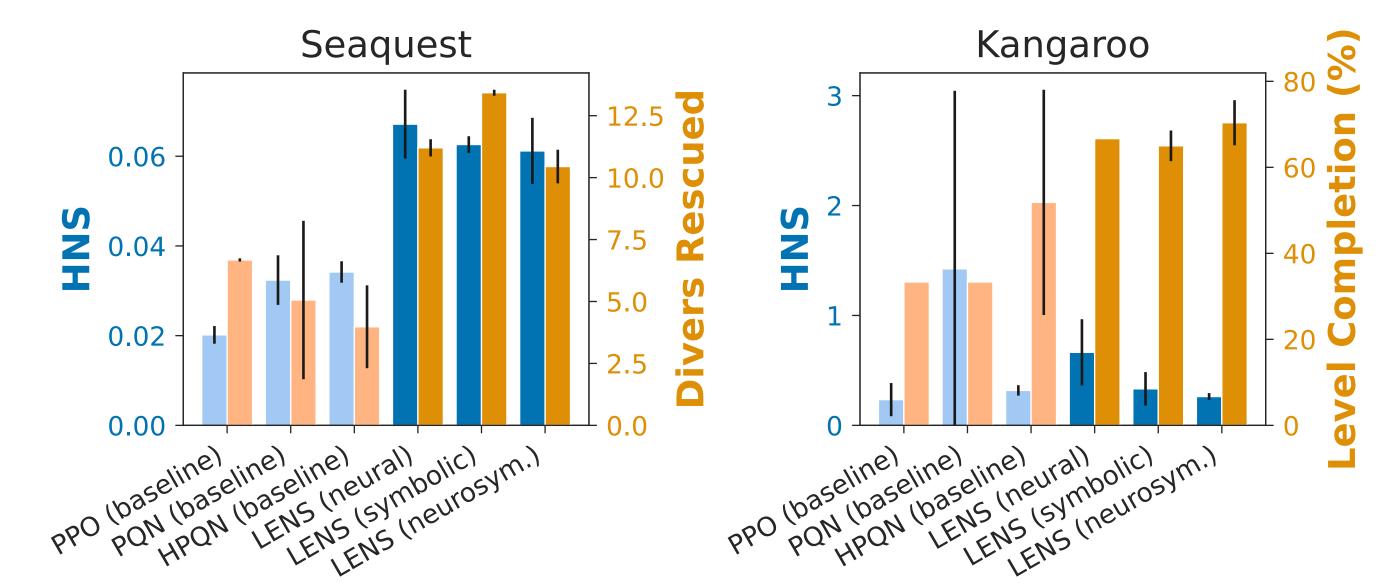
Results



1. LENS learns disentangled Skills jointly from off-policy data.



2. LENS produces interpretable yet flexible high-level plans. Decisions in ambiguous situations are made intuitively.



- 3. LENS is competitive and better aligned to actual environment goals.
- [1] Rudin. "Stop explaining black box machine learning models for high stakes decisions and use interpretable models instead." (2019)
- [2] Delfosse et al. "Interpretable Concept Bottlenecks to Align Reinforcement Learning Agents" (2024)
- [3] Li et al. "Object-sensitive Deep Reinforcement Learning" (2017)
- [4] Locatello et al. "Object-Centric Learning with Slot Attention." (2020)
- [5] Delfosse et al. "Boosting Object Representation Learning via Motion and Object Continuity" (2023)















